Transcript

you're going

The Nine Things Every College Student Should Know About Money – Part 1

English (Automatic Captions) 0:17 I this is Brent Burnette this is the nine things every college student should know about money we ask students what it was that wasn't being taught in gateway and they told us 0:25 that it was information about money about personal finance so I thought back to when I was in college in the states 0:31 that I made when it came to money and every mistake I made I would always say you know what I wish somebody would 0:37 have told me 0:37 I don't know what you're going to get out of this but at the end you're not 0:40 going to be able to say 0:41 nobody ever told number one have the nine things every college tuition know about money you've got to have a plane people get in trouble with money when they wander 0:54 around in the dark 0:55 you wander around in the dark long enough and you will hit the wall you've got to have a plan gotta have a direction you've got to know where 1:04

with your finances a financial plan can get quite complicated over the course

1:09

your life changes evolved

1:11

it'll turn into things like saving for retirement saving for your kids' college

1:16

education how do you properly insure what's important to you

1:19

all those things become part of this overarching financial plan

1:23

you're really not at that stage right now you're a college student

1.27

a freshman college student really the biggest part of a financial plan that

1:33

you need to deal with right now

1:34

is called the budget okay now budget

1:38

is no complicated matters actually quite simple you can do it on a single page

1:42

paper

1:43

I have to stake a sheet of paper and draw a line down the middle

1:47

and a line across the top and on one side you right in Co

1:53

and on the other side your own expense I

1:57

this is money coming in this

2:01

is money going out you wanna know the secret success

2:05

financial success know the secret to financial success

2:09

years spend less than you make

2:13

that's it if you will spend less than you make

2:17

you will be financially successful problem is in america today

there's actually very few families that spanned less than a Mac 2:26 we become a society that wants things now 2:29 and were willing to go into debt in order to get 2:33 okay but let's look at this whole concept 2:36 up spending less than you make I your college students so where the most I've you get your income from well there's usually three major ways that students getting Cup 2:47 to get it from mom and dad 2:50 right they get it from a job 2:53 or they get it from 2:56 some type of financial aid scholarships grants loans 3:00 work-study whatever it is not something you might have a a grandmother that supporting you in and that's great but for most college students 3:07 this is where your funding comes from so in order to put your budget your 3:11 financial plan together 3:13 you need to take which one of those sources you're getting dollars from 3:17 some were all and you 3:20 and that up and that gives you the number 3:24 that's the number that you need to spend less than 3:27 K incomes pretty straightforward right 3:31

it's a little more complicated when you get over here

on the expense side and that's because it's very personal

3:39

expenses is all about you its all about

3:42

your personality there are people sitting in this room

3:46

who are spenders we have a dollar in their pocket it'll burn a hole in their

3:49

pocket dialing figure out a way to spend

3:51

there are people in this room who are savers with the dollar in their pocket

3:55

they will fight you before they give up that now

3:58

okay healthy place to be is somewhere in between hate

4:02

but when it comes to expenses because it's so personal

4:05

I can tell you how to do it because you're gonna have to decide that for

4:09

yourself

4:10

what I can do is give you model that you can work from

4:14

and that model is this you must decide for yourself

4:19

that difference between

4:23

what you need versus

4:27

what you want

4:30

what you need versus what you want to know what you're thinking you're

4:34

thinking well I like this dude

4:36

this guy's tell me I can't have the things that I want

4:39

and that's not what I'm saying now wants anal all I'm asking you to do is this

once you decide what is the things that you need are 4:48 pay for them first after you get the things you need paid for 4:54 don't get what you want will get everything you want the problem is that we typically have a pretty expanded view 5:03 what it is that we need so by the time we get done paying for what we need we don't have a lot of money left over for the things that we what 5:11 alright now I don't know you guys I don't know who you are I don't know your 5:15 needs versus wants but you are a common group I know some things about you 5:18 you're all college freshman 5:20 so I know for a fact that olive you need the specs 5:25 you need to be able to pay tuition and fees you need to be able to pay 5:29 for some type room and board and you need to be able to buy books 5:34 so that you can study not woke up I 5:37 all you need to do that because your college students 5:41 but after that it becomes very discretionary 5:45 you know I could say something everybody sit in this room I have a different 5:48 opinion 5:49 Hampshire I would have a different opinion for me now 5:53 what if I was to say to you while you're in college 5:57 do you need a car 6:04

lot a different reactions you know i i week we can't go around the room right

now so let me give you my

6:10

impressions and whether or not you need a car

6:14

here's my take: number one if you

6:17

live in Shawnee Oklahoma or somewhere thirty miles away and you get to college

6:21

by driving that car to get here because you're commuter student

6:25

I would say yes you need a car to go to college

6:28

or if you take your car and you drive it to you some

6:34

job that is providing you with

6:37

income so that you can afford to be here I would say yes

6:41

you need a car to go to college

6:44

now this one may surprise you coming from me what

6:49

if your mommy and daddy you're paying for the car

6:53

might not have the car it's not heard your financial plan any right

6:58

but what if you are making the car payment

7:02

what if you are paying for the insurance what if you are paying for the gas

7:06

what if you are paying for the parking here on campus

7:11

do you need a car you know life's all about decisions what if you had just

7:16

enough money

7:17

to do one or up two things either make that car payment

7:22

or pay your tuition what you gonna do

alright life's about decisions 7:29 now there other things that can happen with your financial plan there's not as 7:33 big a deal 7:34 as a car for example we get into habits 7:37 and habits can be a good thing in college because it's time management 7:40 alright so 7:42 with time management you can say I have to be here and I have to be here and I 7:46 have to be here and that's 7:47 that's important for a college student because it keeps them on track and they 7:50 don't get lost in the system 7:52 but habits can also be deteriorating because 7:56 things happen that you just don't pay attention to for example let's say every morning you stop over at Starbucks get a couple cough 8:03 cautious a 40 I 8:06 let's say that after you get outta class its you know sort 8:09 in between lines in your you know have time to go eat lunch with hungry 8:13 to stop by the snack she can get a snack for a dollar 25 8:16 what you then go on a 8:19 Friday night because you're tired being on campus you got one other 8:23 the restaurants over across the i 35 any 8:26 and you spend twenty dollars on me and on Saturday night you go out with your

8:30 friends 8:31 and he spent thirty dollars do and you know whatever you do on a Saturday night 8:35 okay so what it 8:38 is Ben you buy a cuppa coffee day you get a snack at the snack machine 8:43 you are going out to eat off campus one day a week 8:47 and then you're going out with your friends I mean that's that's just livin did you know that the n a year you will have spent over three thousand dollars 8:57 doing those things 8:59 the question you have to ask yourself is this what I do 9:03 what would my behavior be by had that three thousand dollars in my possession all at once 9:11 when I go bike cups and cups a coffee Robina what here what if you really wanted 9:19 to go somewhere cool on spring break and you know what three thousand dollars was enough money to get you there 9:29 guys this number never changed the amount of money that you had available to you in your financial situation stayed exactly the same the only thing that changed was when you got over here on the expense side 9:42 you manage your money in such a way that you were saved be able to save up to get 9:46 something that you wanted 9:48

you manage your money don't let your money manager 9:51 K number two number two is called 9:56 hey you got a dollar I can borrow there will come points in your life when you are not going to have enough money in your pocket 10:01 to make certain big purchase items 10:04 right typical ones that most people have to do with by a car 10:08 buying a house and doing just exactly what you're doing right now 10:13 paying for college alright those three things typically 10:18 if people don't have enough money to pay for up-front people have to borrow 10:22 alright anytime you have to borrow 10:25 you're basically saying I'm willing to pay more 10:29 and what something is worth at face value you the best to you can ever get 10:33 us to walk up to the counter 10:34 and buy a drink for a dollar and have them hand you during 10:38 that's the best deal because that drink you agreed was worth a dollar whether 10:41 sugar water not it was worth a dollar you pay the dollar you got what it was 10:45 worth 10:46 the problem is when you walk up the counter you have any money you say hey 10:51

if you give me that during or pay a dollar fifty four tomorrow

10:55

that other fifty cents is called interest

10:58

and that means that you're willing to pay more than some things worse

alright a car we don't have a lot of time so we're gonna come to skip over

11:06

the car thing I will say this about a car

11:08

a car in and of itself is not a good investment

11:12

you know what happens to the value of a new car right after you buy it

11.16

it depreciates goes down in value you buy this brand new

11:20

twenty thousand dollar car you drive it off the lot and all the senate's were

11:23

16,000

11:25

you didn't hit a tree you didn't do anything wrong

11:28

that's just the way that new cars work it might be a lot smarter for you let

11:32

somebody else drive it off the lot

11:34

and you buy this just barely used

11:37

sixteen thousand dollar car

11:41

okay house buying a house

11:44

is one of the things typically you wanna borrow money

11.48

for things they're going to appreciate in value

11:51

not depreciate borrow money for things that are gonna add value to your life

11:55

later on

11:57

one of these things is a house if you buy a house

12:00

in a good neighborhood and you take care of it value that home typically over

12:05

time will increase in value

that's appreciation you can make money with that 12:11 and you can make money with that by taking out what's called eight-term base loan installment long and visually installment long looks like this 12:20 flat fixed-rate installment loan 12:25 alright gotta start and it's got and 12:31 most importantly it's got me in and what happens between the beginning and the 12:35 end 12:37 a call the terms these are the things that you're gonna negotiate with between 12:41 you 12:42 and whoever's loan you the money alright 12:46 things like what what is the interest rate going to be what is the duration of the loan what is 12:53 the the amount of the loan 12:56 yeah if you know those three things and you know what the monthly payments going 12:59 to be 12:59 all those things are going to be negotiated between you 13:04 and whoever's loan you the money so if you keep up your end of the deal 13:09 on this installment loan and you get to the end 13:12 you can sit consider these monthly payments when you get to the 13:15 and you own that car

you own that house or you no longer owe the student loan companies any money

13:23

don't think for one minute driver of that car lot with the

13:27

brand new car that you got a loan against you on that car

13:30

you really think you own it skip a couple pains your figure

13:34

real quick who really owns that car okay

13:38

hi house the reason the house can make money

13:41

is because you can borrow for a house over a long period of time thirty years

13:45

as long as you get what's called a fixed interest rate low

13:48

please young anything at this please get this when you take out a mortgage on

13:52

your home you want it fixed

13:54

interest rate loan because you can plan for that over this

13:58

extended period of time so for example a lot of Amer thirty years

14:02

you take out a loan and for thirty years

14:06

you are paying on that loan we've already established the fact that houses

14:09

appreciate in value

14:10

iraq so you start right here payment number one

14:13

and overtime the value home goes up

14:17

well you're also making payments to the back the people that loan you the money

14:21

so over time the amount of money that you owe to the people that loan it to

14:25

you

is going so these things are going in opposite directions here's the what's 14:31 the house is worth 14:32 here's what you owe to the bank that going in immune different direction so 14:35 this gap is getting bigger 14:38 this gap the difference between what it's worth what you owe is called equity and equity in your home can be turned into cash you can be turned into cash either when you sell your home or can be turned into cash 14:53 we that you can borrow against and that's the way a lot of people 14:57 will start their small businesses by taking out what are called 15:00 home equity I all the need to make sure that you don't pay a 15:04 30-year loan to the fall term in other words you wanna make amor amortize payments meaning that you pay heads you pay down the term loan 15:12 and you don't have to pay thirty years worth ventures buying a home 15:16 typically in a good housing market is a good investment 15:20 right the last one student loans here's the deal 15:24 the University of Oklahoma we do about two hundred million dollars 15:29 worth the financial aid every year that's \$200 million that we push out to 15:33 you guys 15:33 to help you pay for your college education alright

15:37

I love the \$200 million over a hundred million

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15:42
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is in the form below

15:45

and that bothers it bothers me a lot

15:48

because we're putting you guys in that debt and this is debt that's gonna slow 15:52

you down when you get outta school when you get outta collagen 12 lots of things 15:56

and you have to pay off those student loans you cannot discharge student loan 16:01

in bankruptcy

16:02

if you do not pay it they will wreck your credit they will garnish your wages 16:06

they will do whatever they have to do in order to get their money back

16:12

okay now that I've sufficiently scared you I need to take the other side of the

16:17

coin

16:19

the other side of the coin is this we've already ate we've artiste said

16:22

you should invest in things are gonna appreciate over time

16:28

when you graduate from college your earning potential is come from the

16:32

census

16:33

is about twenty five thousand dollars a year higher

16:36

then if you go to work right after high school so high school graduate makes 16:40

about 25,000 year college graduate makes about fifty thousand dollars 16:44

this is nationwide which I that's a twenty-five thousand dollar year

16:48

difference on average nationwide you multiply that over a 40-year working for 16:52

that some million now that's what your plan for you that's why you're sitting

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in the seats
16:58
is for the opportunity no guarantees
17:01
but the opportunity to earn a million more dollars
17:05
over the course of your lifetime now if you compare that million dollar payout
17:10
to the average indebtedness so use about twenty three thousand dollars up the
17:14
students who borrow
17:15
twenty-three thousand dollars lotta money its gonna slow you down but you
17:18
compare that to the investment 23,000 now for a million dollar payroll the
17:22
course your life
17:24
that is a good investment don't borrow to play
17:28
don't borrow to live some elevated lifestyle when you're in college
17:31
use the money for what it's there for to pay for the things that you need
so that you can get your degree and then get the job that you want and make your
17:40
dreams come true
17:41
alright number three
17:45
number three is called charge and charge looks very different from
17:50
a turn-based slow charge looks like this
17:54
circle
17:57
no beginning I guess the is technically
18:00
but there's no end in other words it goes around and around
18:04
sometimes is referred to as revolving credit I
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and that's our credit cards work took me until I was in my mid-thirties to

18:12

actually figure out just how credit cards to do work

18:15

this is the story of what happened to me I was traveling a lot when you travel

18:19

you have to

18:20

for your expenses on a credit card and then you fill out an expense report your

18:23

company page back

18:25

that's how it works well problem is when you got on your personal credit card 18:29

if you don't get your expense check quick enough then your credit card could

get charged interest while I was traveling a whole bunch I get this

18:35

big credit card bill in the mail